

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

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STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 17BP.3.R.33 (SF-700045) F.A. PROJ. COUNTY **PENDER** PROJECT DESCRIPTION CULVERT NO. 45 ON SR 1207 (HALFWAY BRANCH SCHOOL RD) OVER TUCKAHOE CREEK AT -L-STA. 12 + 65.50

STATE STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SF-700045

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSLAFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSLAFACE FIVESTIGATION ON MINCH IT 6 BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANING, AND BESKIN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FELD BORNS LOGS, ROKE (ORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALICH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSFORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 TOT-BESN. DIFFIELD THE SUBSLAFACE CHAIS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORNG LOGS, ROCK COPES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOL AND POCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOLKDARIES ARE BASED ON A CECTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVALABLE. SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT INCESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONOTIONS BETWEEN BORNDS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORRIOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN STU MY-PLACET TEST DATA CAN BE RELED ON ONLY TO THE DECRREE OF RELIBBLITY INSIGHERT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHAD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOLM MOSTURE CONDITIONS PRICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOLMOSTURE CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS NOT CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS NOT CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS NOT CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS NOT CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE FREIMMARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FIVE DESIGN DETAILS ARE DEFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOLUMENTS FOR FIVAL DESIGN RECOMMENTS ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEFARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MODE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MODE, OR OPACION OF THE CONTRACTOR TAS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSART TO SATISTY MUSELES AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OF FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY PRESON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE MOICHAED N THE PROOF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

PERSONNEL J.D. GEMPERLINE

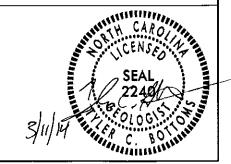
R.E. SMITH

D.G. PINTER

INVESTIGATED BY_T.C. BOTTOMS D.N. ARGENBRIGHT

SUBMITTED BY D.N. ARGENBRIGHT

MARCH 2014



DRAWN BY: C.P. TURNER

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

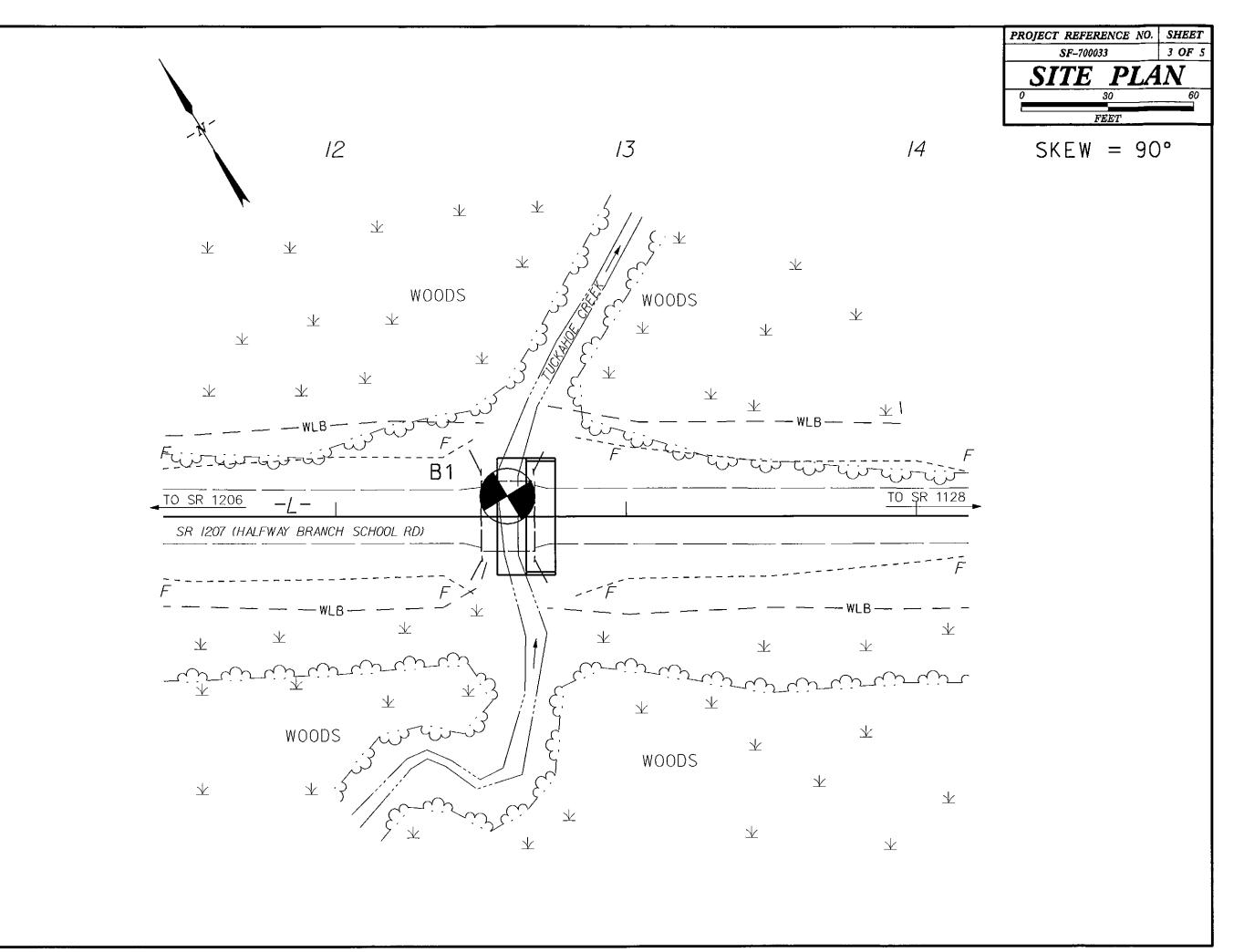
	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM	3, 51 PIBOLS, AND ABBREVIA HORS			
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.	ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS		
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLICHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN	UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN BUJ FOOT PER 68 BLOWS.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. ADUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.		
180 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO TZOE, ASTM D-1586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE			
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK, ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEDUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS.		
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STAY, BRASSRY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FIRE SAND LATERS, MANY PLASTIC A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 RICK (MR)	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.		
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	SINE TO COORSE FROM ICASPINE AND METAMORRHIC PORK THAT	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE		
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ. FELOSPAR, HICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD ST REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GRBBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.		
CLASS. (\$357, PASSING *200) (> 357, PASSING *200)	COMPRESSIBILITY	MON-COVETALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAHORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM		
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4 A-5 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-2-4 A-3-6 A-7 A-1-a A-3 A-6 A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	ROCK (NCR) INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.		
SYMBOL DOGODDOGOG	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-58 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPI REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
X PASSING SILT-	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT		
10 50 MX GRANULAR CLAY MULK,	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL		ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.		
200 15 HX 25 HX 10 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 36 HN 36 HN 36 HN 36 HN 36 HN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.		
LIDGAD LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 501LS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF		
PLISTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 13 MN 18 MX 18	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(Y SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKYISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE		
AMOUNTS OF SOILS		SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI) 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELOSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE,		
OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND CAND GRAVEL AND SAUE SOILS MATTER	■ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ■ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS ■ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	(SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.		
MATERIALS SANU CENTRAL CONTROL	┥ ——	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.		
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	E	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY		
P1 OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	─ O-IM- SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELOSPARS DULL	THE STREAM.		
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELL ANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.		
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SET ONT TEST BORING W/ CORE	(MOD, SEY.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.		
THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF T	- I III	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELOSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME	LEGGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIGGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO		
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE (4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING SPT N-VALUE	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	TIS LATERAL EXTENT.		
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER CORE BORING REF SPT REFUSAL THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	IF TESTED, VIELDS SPT. N. VALUES > 100 BPF VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT DUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FARRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN		
VERY DENSE >50	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	(V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SDILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.		
VERY SOFT <2 (0.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 10 4 8.25 10 8.59	DIFTONCTO	REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT IN VALUES < 180 BPF	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.		
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE INSTALLATION	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.		
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 38 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, OWARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK DUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK DUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF		
HARD >30 >4	25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES CONE PENETROMETER TEST	ROCK HARDNESS	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDEO BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	- I SOM STREET TEST	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE		
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 DPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	● SDUNDING ROD	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND		
COARSE FINE	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN CONPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.		
BOULDER CORD SHAVEL SAND SAND SILE CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRAYCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR		
GRAIN MM 385 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.		
SIZE IN, 12 3	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7- DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE, - COARSE ORG DRGANIC	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH		
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	OMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK S - BULK	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.		
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK PDINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH		
- SATURATED - USUALLY LTQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS, - FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROO) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THI		
LL LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC SEMISOLIO, REQUIRES DRYING TO	HI HIGHLY Y - VERY SATIO	FINGERNALL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
HANDE \ - WET - (W) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	JOPSOIL (15.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.		
PL PLASTIC LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TODLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BM-4: RAILROAD SPIKE IN 24' MAPLE AT -L- STA, II+05.67,		
DM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID: AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	25.37' LT ELEVATION: 55.49 FT.		
SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE 8- CLAY BITS CORE SIZE:	MODERATELY CLUSE 1 ID 3 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:		
- DRY - (D) RECUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	8K-51 8*HOLLOW AUGERS -B	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	10153:		
PLASTICITY	i _	INDURATION			
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) ORY STRENGTH	TUNG -CARRIDE INSERTS	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.			
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X CME-550	RUBBING WITH FINCER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.			
MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	PORTABLE HOIST X TRICONE 2 15% STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	SPANIC CAN BE SEPARATED FROM CAUDIE MITH STEEL SPOOF			
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	TRICONE TUNGCARB. HAND AUGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAFEEL WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.			
COLOR	- L	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;			
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	OIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER, SYTHEMELY INDUBATED. SHAPP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;			
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BHEAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.			

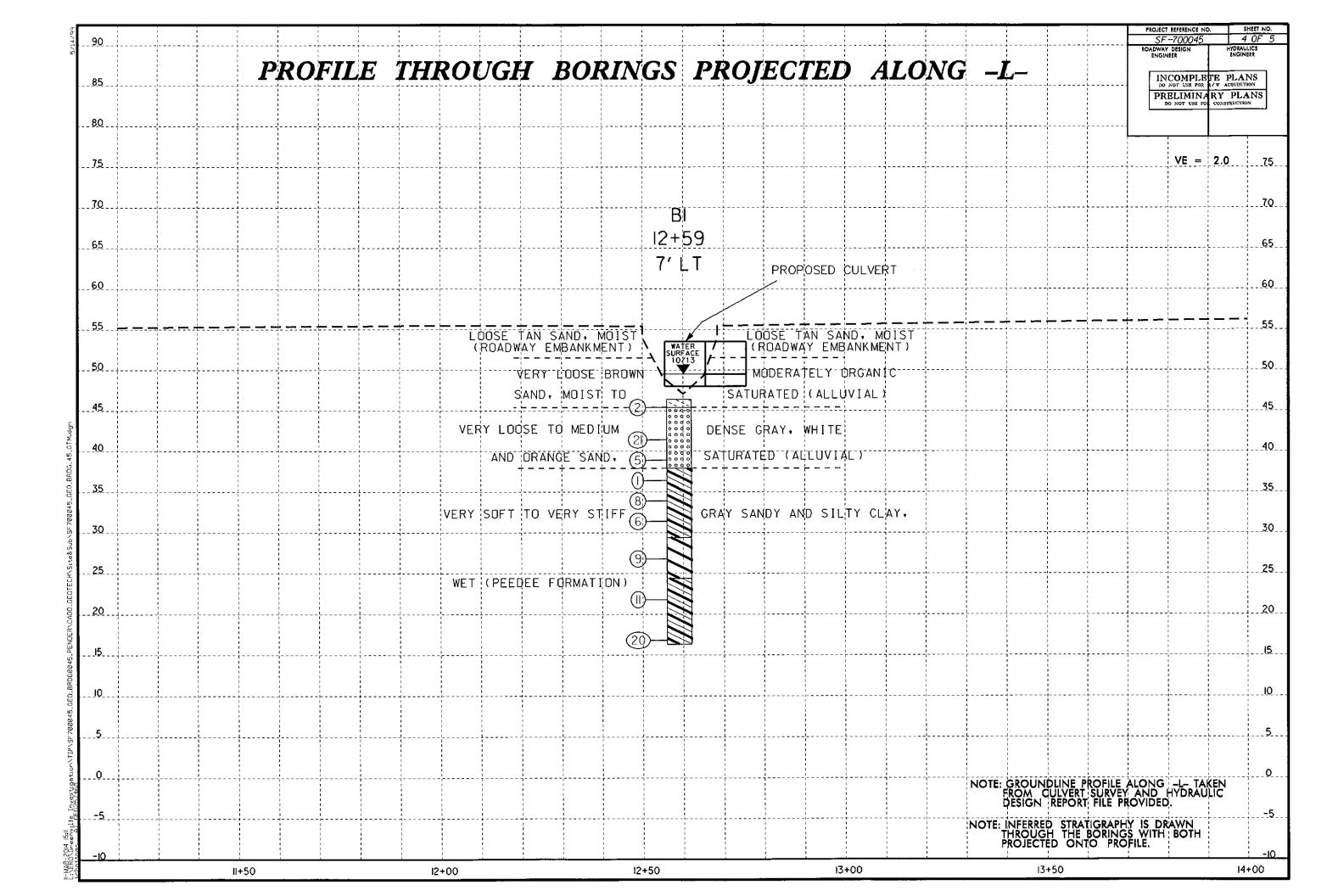
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

SF-700045

SHEET NO.

2 OF 5





	17BP	.0.11.00				IP SF-700045	00011	Y PENDER	•			GEOLOGIST Gemperline, J.	U.
SITE DESCRIPTION CULVERT				VERT	NO.	45 ON -L- (SR 1207)	UCKAHOE C	REEK				GROUND WTR (f	
BOR	NG NO.	B1			S	TATION 12+59		OFFSET 7	ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N//
COL	LAR ELI	E V . 46	6.4 ft		TO	OTAL DEPTH 30.1 f	t	NORTHING	302,4	55		EASTING 2,256,357	24 HR. N//
DRILL	. RIG/HAI	MMER E	FF./DA	TE G	O1042	CME-550 87% 09/03/20	09		DRILL N	ЛЕТНО	D M	ud Rotary HAM	MER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER S	mith, R	. E.		S	TART DATE 03/10/	4	COMP. DA	TE 03/	10/14		SURFACE WATER DEPTH 4	.8ft
LEV	DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH	BLC	w cou	TNL	1	PER FOOT		SAMP.	lacksquare	г о	SOIL AND ROCK DES	SCRIPTION
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 25	50	75 100	NO.	MOI		ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH
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45	46.4	0.0	WOH	WOH	2	1; · · · · · · ·	1					46.4 GROUND SURI	
	-	<u></u>										BROWN MODERATELY C	
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40	39.9	6.5	5	3	2	1	ļ · · · ·				0000	SATURATE	
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